

EMERGENCY ROOM CLINICAL SKILLS EVALUATION - SELF ASSESSMENT

Level Of Proficiency

Date _____

Name _____

Signature _____

- A = Never Performed. You have never performed the stated task and have no experience with this type of skill.
- B = Familiar with. You are familiar with the stated task; but you would need more experience and practice to feel comfortable and proficient in this type of skill.
- C = Experienced in. You have performed this task several times; you feel moderately comfortable functioning independently, but you would require a resource person to be nearby.
- D = Expert. You have performed this task frequently; you feel comfortable and proficient in this skill; you would not require supervision or practice.

Please select the column that most accurately describes your proficiency level...

SKILL	A	B	C	D	SKILL	A	B	C	D
CARE OF PATIENT WITH:					CARE OF PATIENT WITH: (CONTINUED)				
Acute MI					Immobilizer				
Aneurysm					Casts				
Angina					GI bleed				
Cardiac arrest					Abdominal trauma				
CHF					Bowel obstruction				
Myocarditis					Hepatitis				
Aspiration					Hepatic failure				
COPD					Renal failure				
Hemopneumothorax					UTI				
Laryngospasm					Diabetic ketoacidosis				
Pneumonia					Diabetic coma				
Pneumothorax					Hyperthyroidism				
Pulmonary edema					Hypothyroidism				
Pulmonary emboli					Hypothermia				
Tension pneumothorax					Hypothermia				
Skull fracture					Penetrating eye injury				
Closed head injury					Chemical exposure				
CVA					Nose bleed				
DT's					TRAUMA CARE:				
Overdose					Anaphylactic shock				
Encephalitis					Cardiogenic shock				
Meningitis					Hypovolemic shock				
Neuromuscular disease					Neurogenic shock				
Seizures					Septic shock				
Asthma					Human bites				
Spinal cord injuries					Animal bites				
Open fractures					Venomous bites				
Closed fractures					First degree burns				

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SKILL	A	B	C	D	SKILL	A	B	C	D
TRAUMA CARE: (CONTINUED)					PSYCHIATRIC (CONTINUED)				
Second degree burn					DT's				
Third degree burn					Dual diagnosis				
Electrocution					Suicide precautions				
Gunshot wounds					Crisis intervention				
Stab wounds					Restraints				
Hazardous material exposure					AMA procedures				
Traumatic amputation					72 hour hold procedures				
Poison ingestion					CARDIOVASCULAR:				
Assessment and Procedures					Auscultation				
Trauma Center Experience					Doppler				
Level I					Heart sounds / murmurs				
Level II					Basic 12 lead interpretation				
Level III					Basic arrhythmia interpretation				
Application of MAST suit					Assist with insertion of Arterial line				
Champion Trauma score					CVL				
Poison index					PA catheter / Swan-Ganz				
Glasgow coma scale					Pacemaker				
Burn rule of nines					Cardioversion				
PEDIATRICS:					PULMONARY:				
Poison ingestion / overdose					Breath sounds				
Near drowning					Interpretation of arterial blood gases				
Suspected abuse					Endotracheal tube suctioning				
Status asthmaticus					Nasal airway suctioning				
Epilepsy					Oropharyngeal suctioning				
WOMENS HEALTH:					Sputum specimen collection				
Precipitous delivery					Assist with intubation				
Spontaneous abortion					Assist with extubation				
Preeclampsia					Assist with thoracentesis				
Eclampsia					Pulse oximetry				
Premature labor					NEUROLOGICAL:				
DIC					Glasgow coma scale				
Rape victims					Reflex/motor deficits				
PSYCHIATRIC:					Visual or communication deficits				
Drug Overdose					Assist with lumbar puncture				
Alcohol Overdose					Increased ICP management				

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SKILL	A	B	C	D	SKILL	A	B	C	D
NEUROLOGICAL:					ENDOCRINOLOGY:				
Intracranial pressure monitoring					Signs and symptoms of diabetic coma				
ORTHOPEDICS:					Signs and symptoms of insulin reaction				
Circulation checks					Blood glucose monitoring				
Gait					MEDICATIONS:				
Range of motion					Adenocard				
Assist with placement of cast					Adrenalin				
Use of support devices (cane, sling, etc.)					Lanoxin				
GI:					Cardizem				
Abdominal / bowel sounds					Dobutamine				
Fluid balance					Dopamine				
Nutritional status					Esmolol				
Interpretation of blood chemistry					Lasix				
Placement of nasogastric tubes					Nitroglycerin				
Salem sump to suction					Nitroprusside				
Saline lavage					Aminophylline				
RENAL / GU:					Bronkosol				
Assess fluid balance					Epinephrine				
Interpretation of BUN and creatinine					Isuprel				
Insertion of straight and indwelling catheter					Steroids				
Urine specimen collection					Terbutaline				
Interpretation of electrolytes					Decadron				
					Dilantin				
					Mannitol				
					Phenobarbital				
					Solu-Medrol				
					Antiemetics				
					Antispasmodic				
					Ipecac				
					Insulin				
					Administration of blood and blood products				
					IV THERAPY:				
					Central line/catheter/dressing				
					Broviac				
					Groshong				
					PICC				

Reviewed by: _____